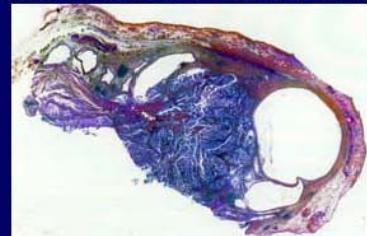


Cancer sur pièce de cholecystectomie

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Adénocarcinome de la vésicule biliaire



GALLBLADDER CARCINOMA DIAGNOSED AFTER LAPAROSCOPIC CHOLECYSTECTOMY

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Abstract:

Involvement of the gallbladder carcinoma in resected laparoscopic specimens is 0.3 – 1.5%. These cases represent 12 – 50% of all the gallbladder carcinoma. The survival rate depends on the disease stage: 60 – 90% in first stage to 5% in the fourth stage. The wide resections (segmentectomy and pancreaticoduodenectomy) are indicated in the first two stages by Japanese authors with a very high survival rate. Our opinion is to be performed a bili-gastroscopy associated with laparoscopic cholecystectomy and cystic resection 1 to 2 days after laparoscopic cholecystectomy when a gallbladder carcinoma is detected on the resected specimen. After a preoperative interdisciplinary gallbladder cancer protocol exists, a more pathological exam and eventually a wide resection are recommended.

KEY WORDS: GALLBLADDER CARCINOMA, HEPATIC RESECTIONS, PANCREATICODUODENECTOMY

Cancer Sur pièce de cholécystectomie

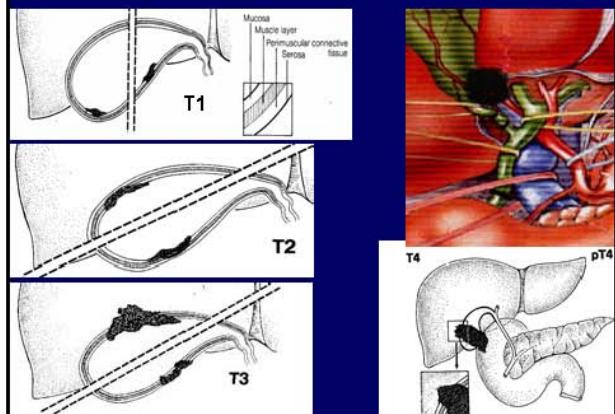
- incidence ↗

- . 0,3 à 1,5 % des pièces
- . 12 à 50 % des KC de la vésicule

- ± invasif

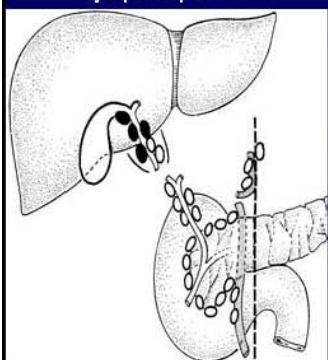
- greffes KC après coelio

Cancer de la vésicule: extension (1)



Cancer de la vésicule: extension (2)

lymphatique



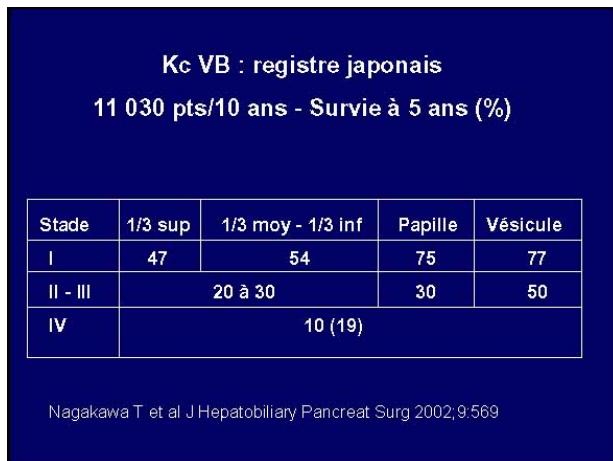
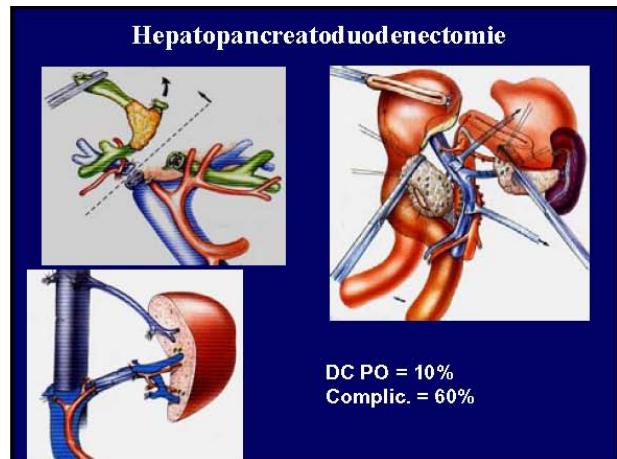
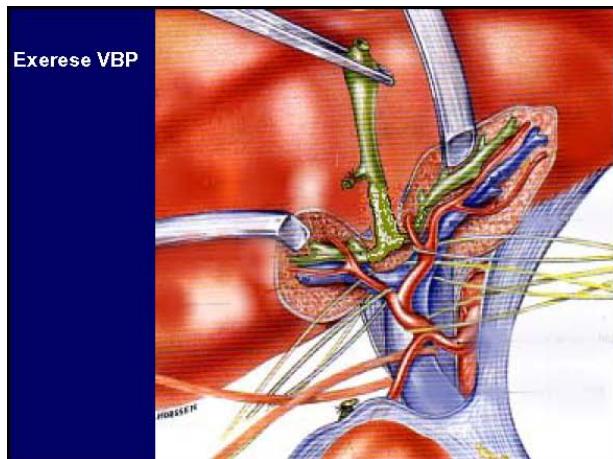
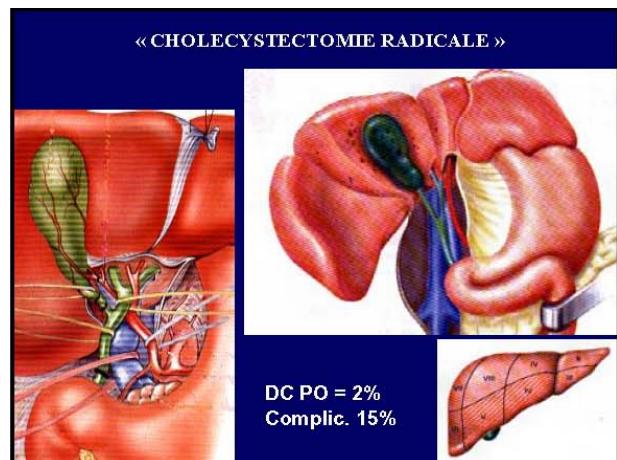
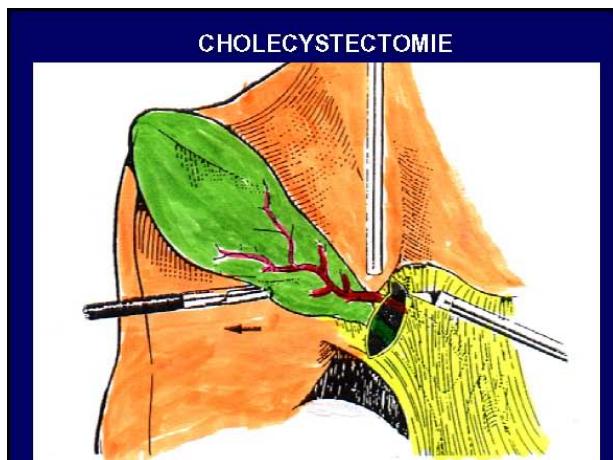
péri-nerveuse



Cancer de la vésicule biliaire Classification TNM

Stade	pT	pN	pM
0	Tis	0	0
IA	T1 .a : l muqueux .b : immusculé	0	0
IB	T2 .Séreuse - .Foie -	0	0
IIA	T3 .Foie + .Ou 1 organe	0	0
IIIB	T4 à 3 .VP ou AP .Ou 2 organes	1	0
III		0 ou 1	0
IV	tout T	0 ou 1	1

UICC : 6ème Ed. 2002



Cancer de la vésicule biliaire survie à 5 ans / résections RO

Stade TNM	Survie (%)
I	60 à 90
II	56 à 80
III	15 à 40
IV	5 à 10

